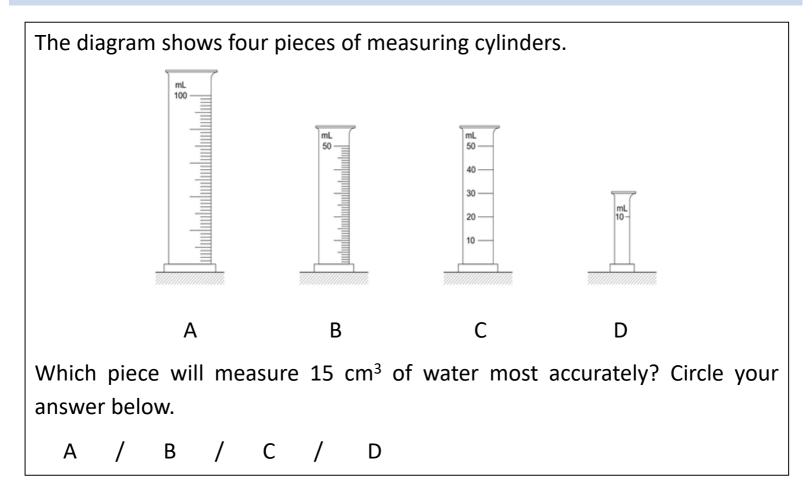
Scientific reasoning of primary school children – Construct validation using Rasch modelling

ERAS-APERA International Conference 2018

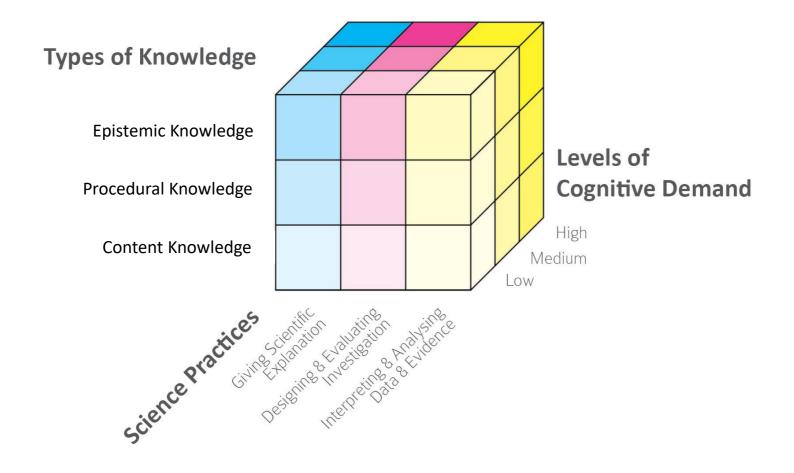
Diana Ng Yee Ping

What is scientific reasoning?



Presentation Outline

- Overview of Research
- Primary Scientific Reasoning Test
- Trait/Construct
- Item Characterisation Scheme
- Rasch Modelling
- Item Exemplars
- Discussion

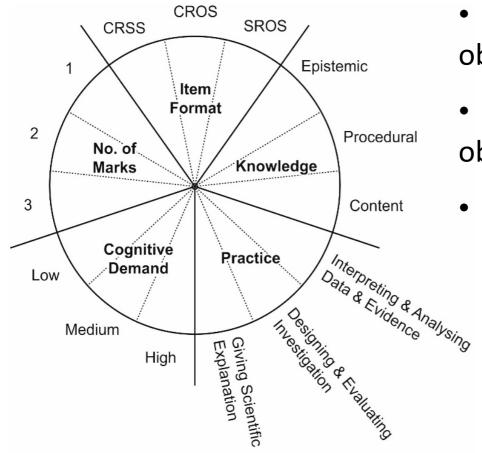


- Paper and pencil test
- 30 questions in total, each of 1 to 7 items
- Total of 100 items in 5-booklet rotation design
- Pupils attempted only 1 booklet
- Testing duration of each booklet is 1 hour
- Variety of response formats
- Sample consisted of 431 primary six pupils in Singapore

Booklet	Anchor Block and Question Blocks										
1	Anchor	I	II	III	IV						
2	Anchor				IV	V	VI	VII			
3	Anchor	I				V			VIII	IX	
4	Anchor		II				VI		VIII		х
5	Anchor			III				VII		IX	Х

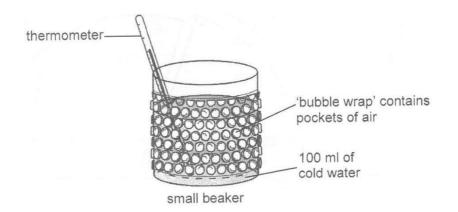
Validation Framework

Design focus in phase		Validity evidence collected
I - Initial Test QUAL		Test content for the development of the scientific reasoning construct and the identification of typical performance
II - Expert Review QUAN + qual	III - Pilot Study QUAN + QUAL	Test content and response processes to initiate the development of the draft instrument
IV - 2 nd Expert Review QUAL		Test content to refine the draft instrument
V - Main Study QUAN + qual		Test content, response processes, internal structure & relations to other variables to assess the construct validity of the finalised instrument

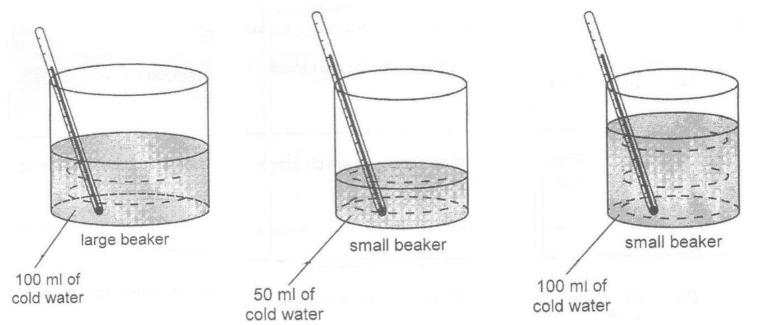


- Selected-response objective scoring (SROS)
- Constructed-response objective scoring (CROS)
- Constructive-response subjective scoring (CRSS)

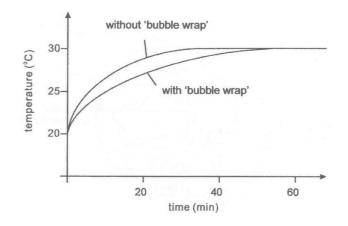
John wants to study whether the material, 'bubble wrap' affects how cold water gains heat. The diagram below shows one set-up of his experiment.



Item 1: Which other set-up shown below must he use in his experiment?

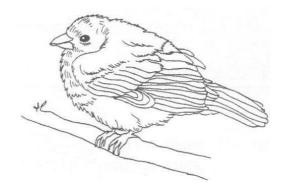


Item 2: John recorded the readings of the thermometer over time. His results are shown below.



Based on his results, John concluded that the beaker with the 'bubble wrap' gains heat more slowly. Is he correct? Yes / No / Cannot Tell

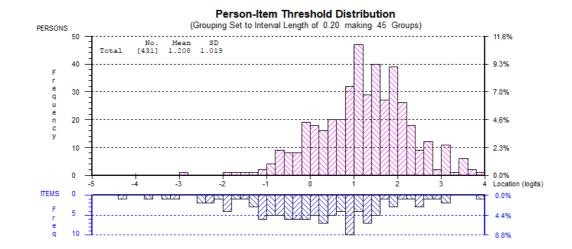
Item 3: A bird with a thick layer of feathers is shown below. There are air pockets among the feathers.



Based on the results of John's experiment, explain how the air pockets keep the bird warm in cold air.

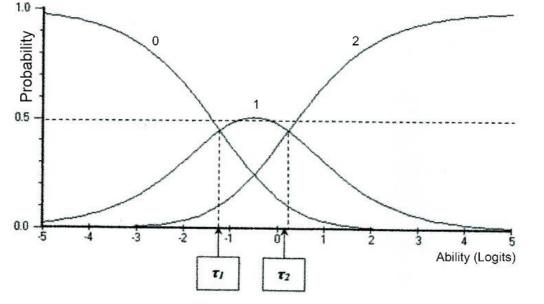
	ltem 1	ltem 2	Item 3
Knowledge Type	Procedural	Content	Content
Practice	Designing and evaluating investigation	Interpreting and analysing data and evidence	Interpreting and analysing data and evidence
Cognitive Demand	Low	Low	Medium
Mark	1	1	1
Item format	SROS	SROS	CRSS
Grid model			

Initial Rasch Statistics of the PSRT



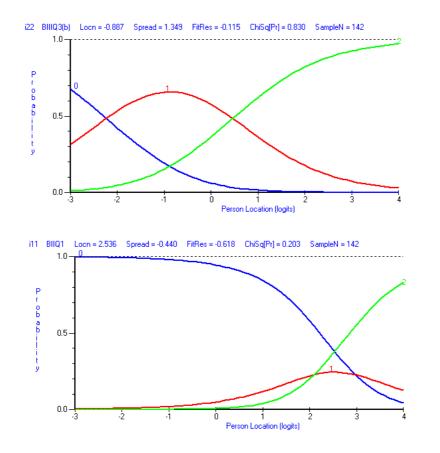
Mean Item Location (SD)	Mean Fit Residual (SD)	Mean Person Location (SD)	Total Item Chi Square (Prob)	Person Separation Index	Power of Analysis of Fit
0.000 (1.373)	-0.211 (1.350)	1.208 (1.019)	739.69 (0.000)	0.864	Excellent

Rationale for Ordered Response Categories



van Wyke and Andrich (2006)

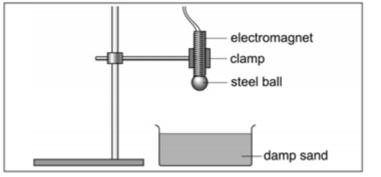
Rationale for Ordered Response Categories



Item Exemplar 1 – Ordered Threshold

Jack said that the ball could be dropped using an electromagnet instead of dropping it by hand. Explain why this would make the results more

accurate.

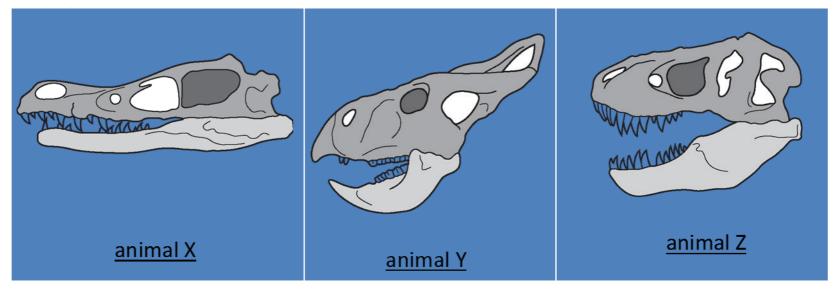


[2 marks]

Framework			
category		Item Characteristic	
Knowledge Type	Procedural	Location, SE	2.178, 0.148
Practice	Designing and evaluating investigation	Fit Residual	0.835
		Chi sq (prob)	4.893 (0.558)
Cognitive Demand	High		

Item Exemplar – Disordered Thresholds

The skulls of three animals which lived on Earth millions of years ago are shown



Based on the shapes of the teeth found in the lion and the giraffe, draw a possible **food web** involving the following four organisms: plant, animal X, animal Y and animal Z in the space below.

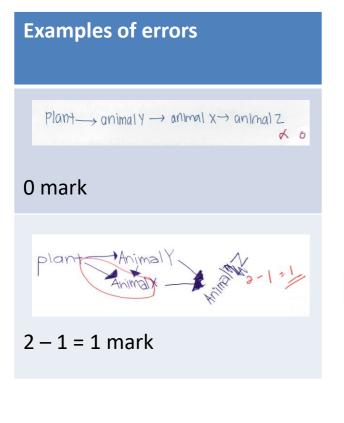
[2 marks]

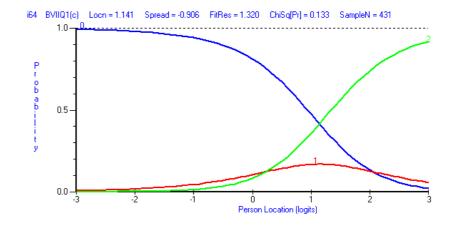
Item Exemplar

Framework category	
Knowledge Type	Content
Practice	Interpreting and analysing data and evidence
Cognitive Demand	High

Two correct inter-related food chains in food web	Additional marking guidance: Producer must be present
2 marks	If three food chains given, of which
One correct inter-related food chains	one is incorrect, response will be
in food web	penalised a mark
1 mark	

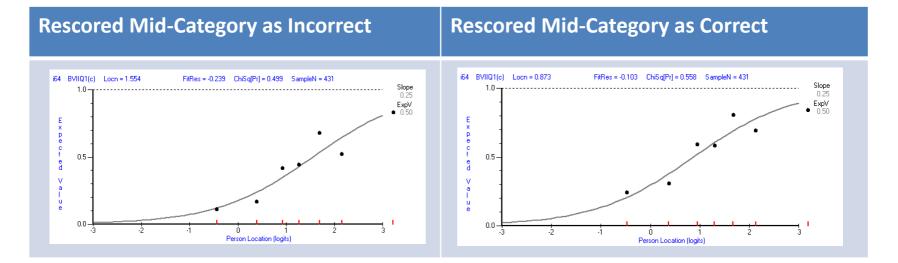
Item Exemplar – Disordered Threshold





Item Characteristic	
Location, SE	1.141, -0.906
Fit Residual	1.320
Chi sq (prob)	9.817 (0.133)

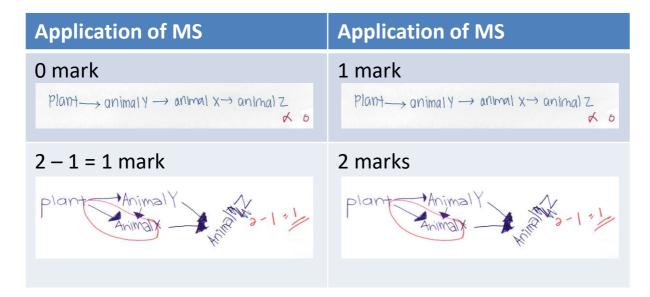
Item Exemplar – After Re-scoring



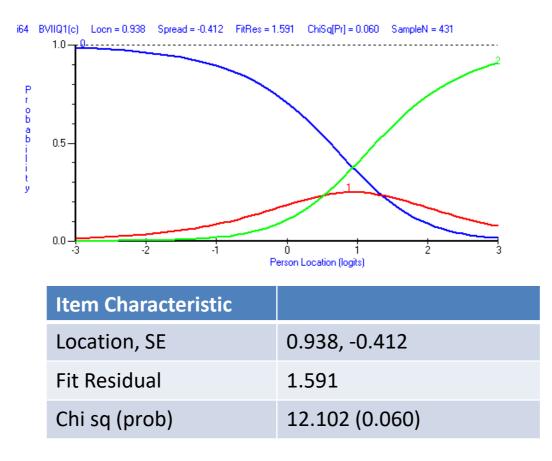
Item Characteristic		Item Characteristic	
Location, SE	1.554, 0.170	Location, SE	0.873, 0.171
Fit Residual	-0.239	Fit Residual	-0.103
Chi sq (prob)	5.358 (0.499)	Chi sq (prob)	4.891 (0.558)

Item Exemplar

Old Mark Scheme	New Mark Scheme
Two correct inter-related food chains in food web - 2 marks	Two correct inter-related food chains in food web - 2 marks
One correct inter-related food chain in food web - 1 mark	One correct food chain - 1 mark



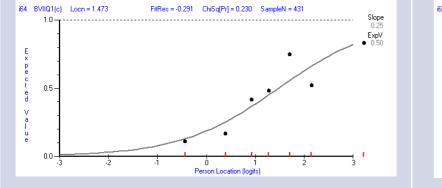
After application of new Mark Scheme

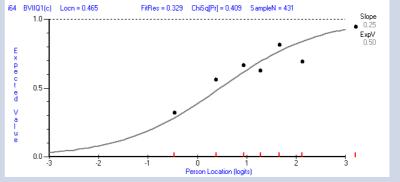


After application of new MS - Re-scoring

Rescored Mid-Category as Incorrect

Rescored Mid-Category as Correct





Item Characteristic		Item Characteristic	
Location, SE	1.473, 0.170	Location, SE	0.465, 0.177
Fit Residual	-0.291	Fit Residual	0.329
Chi sq (prob)	8.107 (0.230)	Chi sq (prob)	6.127 (0.409)

Discussion

- Improved test content validity
- Analysis of misconceptions and learning difficulties of pupils
- Learning gaps in curriculum
- Instructional opportunity